

# THE DIFFERENCES OF NEW ENGLAND AND CHESAPEAKE BAY COLONIES

*Oct 8, The New England and Chesapeake colonies were both settled by Differences between the Chesapeake Bay and New England Colonies.*

Both of the colonies had very bad relations with the natives. Having fled England because of religious persecution, the Puritans placed a greater emphasis on religion. B " John Hull, of Somerset, a minister, age forty" who came along with his wife daughter and son. Those who came in families were able to build communities. Samuel de Champlain colonized along the St. The economic differences were due to the motives of the settlement. The distinctions between New England and the Chesapeake region occurred because of religious, social, and economic differences. Also due to the Maryland Act of Religious Synopsis other Christian sects were allowed the opportunity to practice their beliefs. Later in a wave of English men, women and children settled in the areas of Main, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island , Connecticut and Vermont who were all believers of Puritanism. The Spanish colonies and New England had largely similar views on intermarrying with the native tribes. This alleviated New England from having any food shortage conflicts. Chesapeake Bay was founded on the idea of making a profit while New England was established on the idea of religious refuge. On the other hand New England developed a more structured government system. Whilst the majority of New England were Puritans. In comparison because New England was densely populated by those of Puritan beliefs religious tolerance was non existent. The Chesapeake and New England colonies grew into obviously distinct establishments. Many people that "show more content" The Chesapeake settlers mostly came to get rich quick. Mentioned before was the fact that mostly investors, who were dominantly men, settled in Chesapeake Bay. In , Jamestown the first English colony in the New World was founded by a group of settlers along the James River. The Southern, New England and Middle colonies clearly show these similarities and differences, particularly in terms of land, labor, religion, and native relations. The differentiating characteristics among the Chesapeake and New England colonies developed due to geography, religion, and motives for colonial expansion. In the Spanish colonies, colonists started to form relationships with the indigenous people. The social structure and family life of the two colonies varied greatly. Unlike their European rivals, the English founded colonies in North America. New England had elected officials to represent the people. In , England established its first colony in North America around the Chesapeake Bay, and nearly a decade later established a second colony in present-day New England. These areas were the New England and the Chesapeake regions. With the almost completely male population of conquistadors being sent to the Americas from Spain, the conquerors began to marry and have children with the indigenous women. Some desired freedom from religious persecution, others wanted a chance to be free from the poverty that ensnared them in England. Thus the American colonies were formed. The greatest differences could be seen in the New England and Chesapeake regions. Both areas were settled for different reasons. As mentioned before the settlers of the Chesapeake Bay area were mostly those who followed the Anglican church. That everyone inhabitant shall have a convenient proportion for a house lot, as we shall see [fit] for everyone's quality and estate 5. Some developed into more egalitarian colonies and some not. The Chesapeake Bay colonies sole purpose was money.